



LLCGS NEWSLETTER

SEPTEMBER 2026

VOL. 51:9

PRESIDENT'S CORNER

September has always felt like a season of transition. Summer begins to loosen its grip, routines return, and we start thinking about what comes next. Genealogy has seasons, too.

Recently, I revisited two family stories that had been sitting in my research for years. One involved a man who supposedly found gold in Alaska and was murdered. The other involved a woman whose changing names and conflicting records made proving her identity a challenge. Both reminded me that good research rarely happens in a straight line. Sometimes the records we need have not yet been discovered, digitized, or made searchable. Sometimes we simply need to return with new skills and ask better questions.



There is also value in knowing when to stop digging for a while.

As we move toward Family History Month in October, I encourage you to pull out one of those old research problems. Look at it again. What did you assume? What has changed? What new resources are available?

You may not solve it immediately. But curiosity, persistence, and a willingness to revisit what we think we know are often where discoveries begin.

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October Newsletter topics

Submissions for the October Newsletter are due no later than September 20, 2026. Please send your articles to newsletter@llcgs.info. Pictures are welcome but are completely optional. And no more than 250 words per article

October's featured topic is sharing spooky or ancestral stories. Do you have a spooky story about an ancestor, a family legend, or perhaps a ghost story to share? If not, October is a free-for-all! Feel free to submit an article on any genealogy-related topic, within reason. We look forward to hearing your stories and ideas!

At the August All-member meeting, a member asked why, if the society has a balance of more than \$46,000 between checking, savings and certificates of deposit, why does it need more?

That is a valid question and an appropriate one. Why indeed?

The short answer is because in 2032, LLCGS must cover the library rental costs because the library grant ends and it becomes an unfunded entity. We are planning ahead.

In 2022, the Lincoln-Lancaster County Genealogical Society committed to a 10-year rental in our space at 2900 'O' Street. To date, we have more than 9000 documents and books managed by a dedicated library committee and volunteers who staff it four days a week. The space is used for workshops, classes, meetings and programs. We help people all over the world.

For this space, we pay rent, telephone and Internet expenses, insurance, and for equipment and software. An anonymous donor gave LLCGS an annual gift of \$17,000 for 10 years.

In 2026-2027, the LLCGS Board approved \$22,125 a year. This gap is due to typical rental increases.

As anyone who manages a household budget knows, it's a surprise that it will catch us off guard if we have not planned for it. An expected water heater failure, a window breaking, a car needing four new tires. If, over a period of time, we have set aside a little bit towards these unplanned expenses, then our budget doesn't take a huge hit.

LLCGS cannot wait until 2030 to start asking the question, "How will we pay for the library when the grant ends?"

Our budget revenue is budgeted at \$26,330. We are conservative on our estimates because we plan for lower, and hope for higher.

Our expenses are \$29,614. Again, we overestimate what we may spend and work hard to come in lower than budgeted. It is a balancing act.

One thing the board did was decrease spending in some areas like speaker fees, print materials and publicity and outreach. The rationale was LLCGS has speakers from within our group who often present for free. We have members with printers, and they will often print our materials for us. Most of our publicity is on social media, on the website or through the newspaper so there is little cost to us.

Our increased amounts are coming from the new website changes. Allo also increased their fees, and they do not offer non-profit pricing.

The final deficit is \$3,284 for next year. The good news is members indicate they are willing to help us decrease the deficit by pledging donations to a specific area or operational expenses.

The library rental expense is another topic.

LLCGS will need to decide, together, what the future looks like. (Submitted by Teresa Shane)

Here are specific ways you can help:

1. Renew your dues and donate an extra \$10.
 2. Offer to pay the membership for a friend who is beginning their research journey and bring them to meetings and programs.
 3. Plan to donate a specific amount during Give to Lincoln Day 2027, when it can receive a match percentage.
 4. Give to LLCGS as part of your Required Minimum Distribution.
 5. Tell your family that you want LLCGS included in your financial estate planning or final wishes.
 6. Donate on our website at llcgs.info or write us a check and mail it to us.
 7. If you attend a program, place \$10 in the donation jar.
 8. Bring us your Best Choice labels.
 9. Instead of gifts, ask your family to donate to LLCGS.
- (Submitted by Teresa Shane)

Artificial intelligence is changing quickly - and genealogists are already asking how it can help with reading records, organizing research, analyzing evidence, and more. An **AI Special Interest Group** could give our members a place to explore those questions together.

The goal would not be to chase every new AI tool or turn anyone into a technology expert. Instead, we would learn practical skills, experiment with genealogical applications, discuss limitations, and - most importantly - practice verifying AI-generated information against original sources.

Beginners and experienced AI users would both be welcome. The emphasis would be on curiosity, responsible experimentation, and learning from one another - the kind of trusted community genealogical societies do well. **Interested? Let us know. Your curiosity may help shape what comes next. (Submitted by Teresa Shane)**



**MIDWEST
GENEALOGY
CENTER**

Scan this code or register now at
mymcpl.org/Genealogy/Events







Generations in Conflict: Researching Ancestors from the Colonial Era to WWI

Join military historian Michael Strauss for an all-day seminar. We'll explore four key wars: Colonial, Revolutionary, Civil War, and World War I, and learn how to use military records and context to trace ancestors and deepen your family history research. This event is in-person only. Registration is required. For adults.

Midwest Genealogy Center
Saturday, September 12, 9:00a.m.

Midwest Genealogy Center
3440S.Lee'sSummitRoad
Independence, MO 64055
816-252-7228

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LLCGS

April, 1989

From the November 27, 1988 issue of Lincoln Sunday Journal-Star:

A short history of the annexations to the Capital City.

University Place:

In northeast Lincoln was annexed in 1926, giving the Capital City about 5,400 new residents. Uni Place residents voted twice before approving annexation of the village, which had grown up around Nebraska Wesleyan University.

Bethany:

Another northeast Lincoln village, with a population of about 1,380, also joined Lincoln in 1926, having actively sought annexation in 1922. Bethany was built around Nebraska Christian University, later called Cotner University. The community was also known as "the Holy City".

College View:

Southeast of Lincoln, was annexed in 1929, bringing 2,905 new citizens to the population of Lincoln. College View grew around Union College, the Seventh-day Adventist school that emerged as the third religious institution outside Lincoln.

Havelock:

Incorporated in 1893 and annexed in 1930 with a population of 3,653, earlier was known as Newton. It was laid out north and east of Lincoln along the Burlington and Missouri River Railroad, which built large repair shops here.

Belmont:

A village north of Lincoln that once bustled with a carriage-top factory, a woolen mill, foundry and hotel, fell on hard times caused by floods and a falling economy in the last 1800s and was annexed between 1883 and 1889, years before flood-control and building projects breathed new life into the area.

West Lincoln:

Known once for its salt deposits, then for its rowdy night spots, was annexed by Lincoln in 1966 after a "war" with Lincoln over its independence.

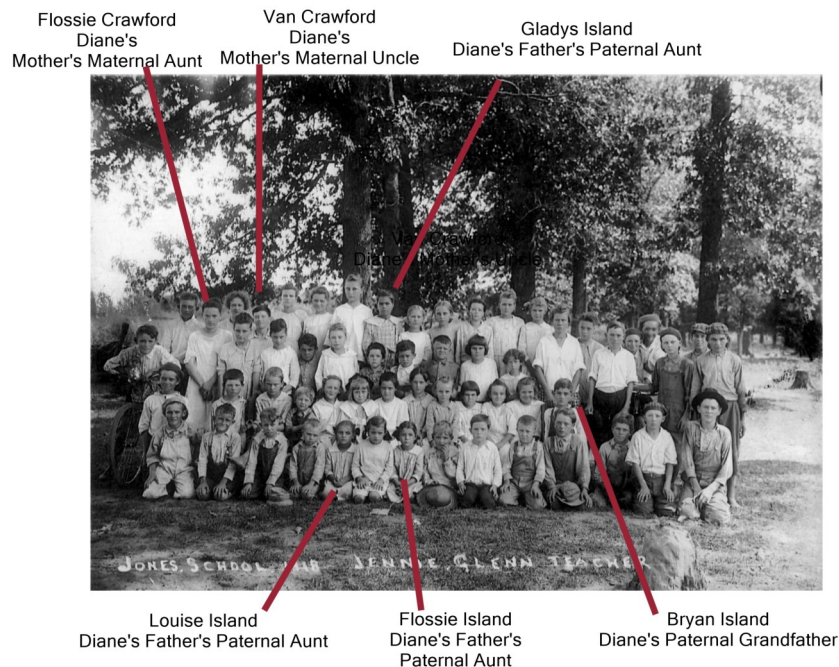
Normal:

Thought by some to belong on the annexation list, never was a separate incorporated community. It was located around what is today Madonna Centers.

SCHOOL ITEMS

September 2026

This photo was taken about 1918 in Dunklin County, Missouri. This is Jones School, a one room schoolhouse near Clarkton. Pictured are three of my paternal grandaunts, one maternal grandaunt and paternal granduncle, plus my paternal grandfather. Both of my maternal and paternal sides of the family lived in the same community and knew each other decades before my parents were born. Submitted by Diane Island Hopmann



SCRAPBOOK ITEMS

Lancaster County Towns

Newton - Now Havelock; see earlier issue for more information.

Nobesville - Post office known as Penitentiary before 1880, it became Hyersville 29 April, 1887. Normal - Post office from 25 August, 1892 - 31 January, 1930, it was the site of the Lincoln Normal School which is now within the present city of Lincoln.

Olathe - An early settlement located on Salt Creek about 15 miles south of Lincoln in what originally was Clay County. Founded by John D. Prey.

UPCOMING

SCRAPBOOK ITEMS

Lancaster County Towns

Olive Branch - Post office 13 November 1866 to 12 February 1889.

Opequon - Post office 16 November 1869 to 12 April 1870. (Places with the same Tuscarora Indian name are found in Jefferson County, WV and Frederick County, VA.)

Orlando - Current-day Raymond. First established 6 February 1878, renamed 15 May 1880. Located in northern Lancaster county.

Panama - Post office established 20 December 1869.

Park - Post office 14 December 1870 to 11 August 1873.

September 2026

From the Archives (submitted by Kelsey H)

110 years ago...

Lancaster County Citizen

Sep 07 1916

KRAMER MEN TO TAKE WESTERN AUTO TRIP

Mr. and Mrs. George Rolland have nine pound girl

Mr. and Mrs. Mundt Entertained Young Folks Sunday. Esther Herrman Is Back

Esther Herrman returned home Sunday from Osceola, where she spent a few weeks with relatives.

Little Walden Hollman is on the sick list. It was necessary for him to see Doctor Temple Monday.

Miss Rose Pelican of Exeter, Neb., arrived Friday to teach the Kramer school.

Mr. and Mrs. John Nietzel are the proud and happy parents of a baby girl, which arrived Monday morning.

Miss Olga Weilage went to Sprague Saturday to assist her sister, Mrs. H. Hile, with her work. She returned home Sunday evening.

Joe Klein was a Lincoln passenger Tuesday.

Mrs. and Mrs. Joseph Prucha visited with Mr. and Mrs. Paul Limbeck Sunday afternoon.

Miss Edna Weilage returned home from Crete Tuesday.

Rev. John Herrman, pastor of the German Methodist church of Kramer, left for Denver, Colo., on Tuesday to attend the annual conference.

A nine pound baby girl arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. George Rolland of Crete Tuesday morning. Mrs. Rolland was formally Miss Myrtle Hollman of West Kramer.

John Fix and sons Barney and Dan accompanied by Fred Henskie of Clatonia, are on an auto trip to Haxtum, Colo., where J. Fix intends to put up new improvements on his farm.

Mrs. Gustav Gerlach of Hallam visited with her sister Mrs. J. Nietzel Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Carol Mundt entertained a number of young folks at their home Sunday. A delicious supper was served and a general good time had by all.

Mr. and Mrs. Emil Weilage and children spent Sunday afternoon with Henry Weilage and family.

Mr. and Mrs. Matt Steuer Sundayed with Mr. and Mrs. Henry Fangmeier.

Mrs. Valentine Glebe of Hallam is spending a few days with her father Henry Weber to help during threshing.

Frank Steuer and sister Caroline Sundayed with relatives at Crete.

Mrs. and Mrs. Henry Herrman and daughter Erma of Osceola, were guests of Rev. and Mrs. John Herrman and family Sunday and Monday.

ANCESTORS OCCUPATIONS

September 2026

ANCESTOR WITH TWO OCCUPATIONS
AUGUST LAMBRECHT

The only ancestor of mine that I am aware had two verifiable occupations was my great-grandfather, August Lambrecht. In family history written by his daughter, Mary, in 1959, she states that her father, the aforementioned August Lambrecht, while homesteading and farming in western Pierce County, Nebraska with his wife and growing family, also traveled to Norfolk, Madison County, Nebraska where he labored as a painter. The United States Census of 1880 verifies the accuracy of Mary's statement. On the 10th and 11th of June, 1880, August Lambrecht appears in the Census of the Village of Norfolk, Madison County, Nebraska with his occupation noted as "Painter."

Page No. 18
Supervisor's Dist. No. 2
Enumeration Dist. No. 100

Note A.—The Census Year begins June 1, 1879, and ends May 31, 1880.
Note B.—All persons will be included in the Enumeration who were living on the 1st day of June, 1880. No others will. Children BORN SINCE June 1, 1880, will be OMITTED. Members of Families who have DIED SINCE June 1, 1880, will be INCLUDED.
Note C.—Questions Nos. 13, 14, 22 and 23 are not to be asked in respect to persons under 10 years of age.

SCHEDULE 1.—Inhabitants in Norfolk (Village), in the County of Madison, State of Nebr
enumerated by me on the 10th & 11th day of June, 1880.

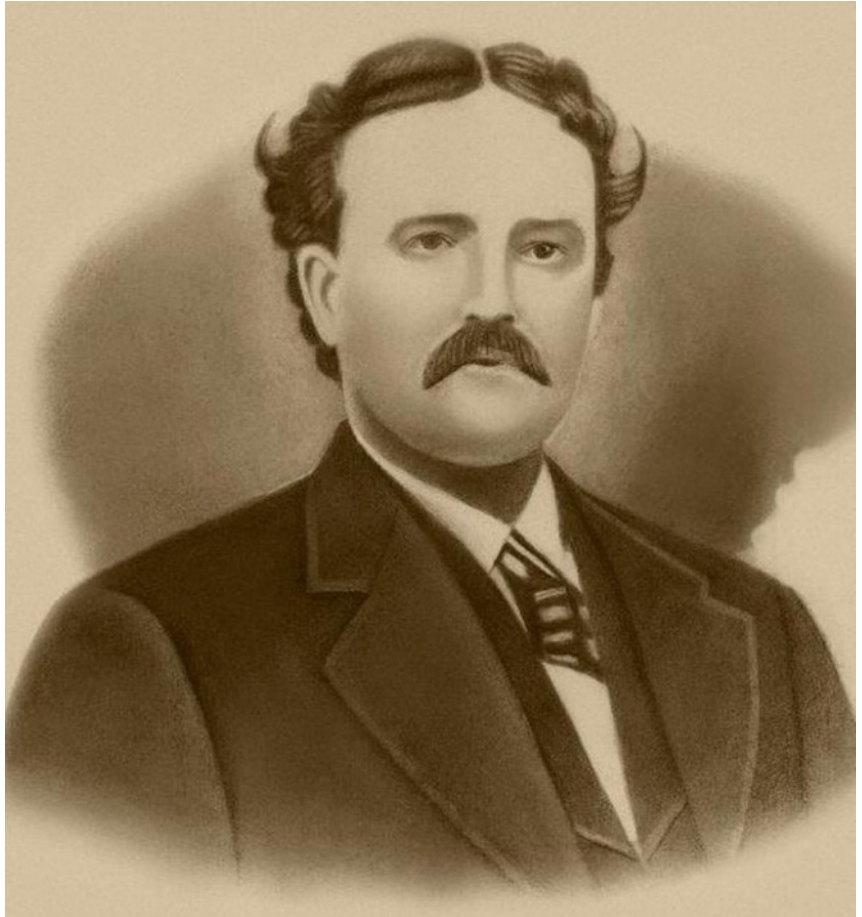
R. Reichert Enumerator

In (City)	Name	Sex	Age	Color	Married	Profession, Occupation or Trade of each person, male or female.	Birth		Education		Religion		Place of Birth of the parents, male or female, of foreign birth.	Place of Birth of the parents, male or female, of foreign birth.	Place of Birth of the parents, male or female, of foreign birth.
							Month	Year	Years	Months	Years	Months			
1	Reichert, James	M	29	White	Married	Labourer	June	1850	10	10	10	10	Germany	Germany	Germany
2	Ryan, Michael	M	27	White	Married	Labourer	June	1853	10	10	10	10	Germany	Germany	Germany
3	Kelly, Ed	M	27	White	Married	Labourer	June	1853	10	10	10	10	Germany	Germany	Germany
4	Coyle, C.	M	26	White	Married	Bricklayer	June	1854	10	10	10	10	Germany	Germany	Germany
5	Coyle, S. C.	M	24	White	Married	Labourer	June	1856	10	10	10	10	Germany	Germany	Germany
6	Wile, John	M	23	White	Married	Labourer	June	1857	10	10	10	10	Germany	Germany	Germany
7	Wyle, John	M	21	White	Married	Bricklayer	June	1859	10	10	10	10	Germany	Germany	Germany
8	Wyle, John	M	21	White	Married	Bricklayer	June	1859	10	10	10	10	Germany	Germany	Germany
9	Wyle, John	M	21	White	Married	Bricklayer	June	1859	10	10	10	10	Germany	Germany	Germany
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84	Wyle, John	M	21	White	Married	Bricklayer	June	1859	10	10	10	10	Germany	Germany	Germany
85	Wyle, John	M	21	White	Married	Bricklayer	June	1859	10	10	10	10	Germany	Germany	Germany
86	Wyle, John	M	21	White	Married	Bricklayer	June	1859	10	10					

ANCESTORS OCCUPATIONS

September 2026

Several items have puzzled me through the years about this double occupation. The first puzzle is not that he had, in 1880, two occupations, but the logistics between his homestead in western Pierce County and the then village of Norfolk. The distance from his homestead to the village of Pierce is 10 miles. The distance from Pierce to Norfolk is approximately 14 miles. Once in Pierce though, there was train service to Norfolk. Presumably, he would have taken the train from Pierce to Norfolk and vice versa. There was no train service between his homestead and Pierce. Did he walk from his homestead to Pierce? Did he ride a horse from his homestead to Pierce and then board the horse at a stable in Pierce until he returned to Pierce from Norfolk?



The second puzzle is whether he was a painter of buildings or was he painter in a photography studio? The latter thought is due to this portrait photo of August Lambrecht which used the crayon portraiture technique popular from the 1860s to 1900. The photographer uses crayons to enhance a photo. Painting? When and where was it done? Possibly in Norfolk? Another mystery that will probably never be solved.

Much credit must be given to August Lambrecht in that he was willing to take upon himself a secondary occupation to attain extra income to support his family. It is a testament to his devotion to his family and their well-being. It is also a testament to his spouse, Louise, who remained on the homestead, tending their young children and assuming the responsibilities of the farm from feeding and caring for the livestock to the husbandry of the growing crops. (continued from page 4, continues onto page 8) (submitted by Loren L. Lindahl)

When researching a new location for your genealogy, don't forget to check our online catalog to see what the library might have to assist you. Just click on "Library Catalog" on the left-hand side of our home webpage (LLCGS.INFO) and select a Subject search in the dropdown menu. Enter the name of the state, then a comma, then the county name : "Pennsylvania, Bedford County" and click on the magnifying glass. Then come and see us at the genealogy library! --Cindy Cochran, LLCGS Library Chair

Ancestors Occupations

September 2026

His daughter Mary does not indicate for how many years August Lambrecht continued with two occupations, but we know from a newspaper article that in 1888 he was able to build on his farmstead in western Pierce County a new two-story farmhouse for his family. The family photo of August Lambrecht, his wife, Louise, and their seven children, in front of their new farmhouse, was taken in approximately 1892, two years before August's death and a year before the birth of their last child. My grandmother, Minnie, is the furthest right of the group. Mary, the family historian, is standing to the right of August. After the death of August, Louise stayed on the farm, acquired additional farmland, kept farming the land with the help of neighbors and eventually sons and sons-in-law, and died in 1920 shortly after moving off the farm.

Submitted by Loren L. Lindahl
(continued from page 5)



Most of our ancestors were farmers or ranchers, but every now and then, we come across one who had several different occupations. One particular 3x's-great-grandfather comes to mind. His name was Peter Frederick. Around 1863, he moved from western Ohio to rural Richardson County, Nebraska Territory, near the river town of Arago. He brought his wife, Mary, and their three children, Joseph, Caroline, and Charles. Peter became quite prominent in Richardson County.

The village of Arago was thriving while Peter Frederick lived there, but sadly, once the trains came through, the town eventually disappeared. Today, the only things left are the cemetery and the Catholic Church. Besides farming, Peter ran a mercantile business in Arago. In 1871, he entered the packing house business and operated it for eight years. During the fall and winter months, he employed as many as 55 men. At that time, hog prices ranged from 3.5 cents to 6.5 cents per pound. In 1878, there was a major drop in meat prices, forcing Peter to close his packing house for good. That year alone, he lost a total of \$42,000, which would be more than \$1.3 million today.

After losing the packing house, Peter returned to farming for the next 20 years. However, he had another plan to recover some of his money. He planted an orchard where he grew peaches, apples, and even grapes. At one point, he had 600 apple trees and as many as 1,000 other fruit trees. His apple trees averaged 10 bushels per tree. One year, he made \$6,000 from his apple and grape crops, which would be more than \$170,000 today. Since he was from France, Peter knew how to make a rare French wine and found a ready market for it.

Peter and Mary retired in 1900 and moved into Falls City to live. Mary passed away in January of 1919, and Peter passed away in January of 1926. Peter could also speak and read Latin, German, and French, as well as English. He was certainly quite the businessman for his time! (Submitted by Jenny Watton) (ad was taken from Southern Nebraska Register in July of 1867)

24-ly

P. FREDERICK,
MAIN STREET, ARAGO, NEBRASKA.
DEALER IN
Dry Goods,
Groceries,
Hardware, &c.

I take pleasure in returning to my old customers my thanks for their many favors, and solicit a continuance of their patronage. My store will always be found stocked with the best articles the market affords, and as it is no trouble to show goods, the public are invited to examine my stock before purchasing.

All kinds of country produce taken in exchange for goods, at the highest market prices.
P. FREDERICK.
24-ly

Zimmermann

SCRAPBOOK ITEMS**Lancaster County Towns**

Linpark - Union Pacific R.R. station.

Little Salt - former Union Pacific R.R. station.

Loyal Hill - Post office from 4 March, 1874 to 19 August, 1885.

Malcolm - Northern Lancaster County town established 19 November, 1874 and named for Malcolm A. Showers who originally owned the land there.

Margaretta - An early settlement which may have been named for Governor Lorenzo Crounse's wife.

Martell - Southern Lancaster County town dating from 27 December, 1894. Possibly named for Charles Martel, king of the Franks (689-741).

Mayville - Established post office 2 April, 1872, discontinued 6 April 1874.

McFarland - Named for a local settler, this post office operated 11 August 1874 - 3 December 1878.

Middle Creek - Post office from 24 April, 1868 - 2 August 1869.

Newton - Now Havelock; see earlier issue for more information.

SCRAPBOOK ITEMS**Lancaster County Towns**

Peck's Grove - A station on the Missouri Pacific RR named for Philetus Peck's grove of trees.

Pella - Located in southeastern Lancaster County, this post office existed between 1883 and 1903. Founded by Dutch settlers from Pella, IA.

Penitentiary - This post office established in 1879 went through several name changes. It became Nobesville in 1880 and Hyersville in 1887. It was discontinued in 1889.

Prairie Home - Post office established 3 October 1872, discontinued 1968. The settlement is located east of Lincoln.

Princeton - The post office was established 30 April 1886. It is located south of Lincoln.

TIME FOR A NEW PASSWORD

At the end of July, the password to MyHeritage Library Edition expired and a new one is now in effect. MyHeritage is provided to Nebraska residents to use at home by the Nebraska State Library Commission through their NebraskaAccess (one "a" in the middle) website or through the Lincoln City Libraries website. The Library Commission asks that the password not be posted in places such as in a newsletter or on Facebook, etc. I post the password on the genealogy library bulletin board. I'm also happy to send it to you by email – just email library@llcgs.info. --Cindy Cochran, LLCGS Library Chair

FINANCIAL REPORT AS OF JULY 2026

Balance Forward	\$7,500.87
Current Month's Income	\$17,779.91
Current Month's Expenses	\$6,272.75
Checking Account Ending Balance	\$19,008.13
Savings Account Ending Balance	\$9,042.08
CD-22 Month; Matures 11/20/2027	\$9,382.62
CD-13 Month—Matures 6/4/2027	\$8,921.63
Total included in savings account balance	
Total Assets	\$46,354.76

Ancestors Occupations Submitted by Judi Cook

Most of my ancestors in recent generations were involved in agriculture. However, as I look farther back, I find fishermen, railroad workers, carpenters, home builders, and seamstresses. One notorious aunt stands out because she made money through bootlegging. She had connections in Chicago and was quite successful. However, arrests and fines during and after Prohibition cost my grandfather a great deal of money, just as the Depression began and wiped out much of what he had earned from farming.

So, does bootlegging qualify as a profession? Apparently, one of my aunts convinced my grandfather that setting up a still in the barn along the creek, well away from the house, was a good idea. I heard these stories throughout my childhood and eventually did some research to confirm at least part of the family lore.

I have never been able to prove the story about my aunt strategically carrying a flask of whiskey in her cleavage during local barn dances. Who would have documented that?

I also haven't verified the story about my grandfather ending up with a herd of drunken cattle after bootlegging products were hastily dumped into the creek before a visit from authorities.

A cousin once told me she remembered hearing heavy trucks from Chicago driving past our grandparents' farmhouse at night, when she was supposed to be asleep, heading toward the barn where the still was located. I have also been given newspaper articles documenting incidents in which my aunt and a male friend were arrested while driving an expensive car with illegal liquor in the trunk.

A few years ago, I contacted researchers at the NARA regional archives, who provided legal records showing that my aunt had been arrested and that my grandfather paid for lawyers and fines during Prohibition. The fines did not stop her activities. In another case, she was ordered to appear in court in Omaha with a gentleman from Chicago who was accused of purchasing the alcohol. She appeared and was released after paying a fine. The man from Chicago failed to appear, and I found no evidence of his conviction.

Around the same time, I discovered documents from the family's local church showing that my aunt had lost her standing with the Ladies Aid, while my grandfather was no longer listed as treasurer or president of the Church Council. I haven't found the exact date of her divorce, but census records indicate that her husband returned to his home county that same year.

These discoveries fit with family stories that her actions had caused the loss of family land and other holdings and explained why she was excluded from family gatherings. NARA documents and old newspaper accounts also indicate that she continued her methods of making money even after Prohibition ended. Apparently, she persuaded a neighbor who owned land in another county to let her use a cave there to secretly produce alcohol and sell it without paying taxes. Once again, she was scheduled to appear in court, this time with her younger brother, who had been arrested while driving trucks loaded with alcohol to customers. A lawyer was retained, and she was assessed another fine. Testimony that her brother was unaware of the dealings and too young to be convicted resulted in his release on probation.

In later years, I remember that she married an elderly, wealthy man and would occasionally appear at our home wearing plenty of makeup and jewelry. I also remember my mother quietly avoiding the usually gracious hospitality she offered to visitors in our home.

MEMBERSHIP**ANNUAL DUES:**

\$20.00 Individuals, \$25 Family.

Queries: Printed free for members; \$1.00 per surname for non-members.

A monthly publication of the
Lincoln-Lancaster County Genealogical Society
2900 O St., STE LL2
Lincoln, NE 68510-1485

Submissions for the newsletter must be received by the 20th of each month. Send items for the newsletter to newsletter@llcgs.info

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OUR VISION

- ◆ Discover, preserve, and share genealogical information for future generations.

OUR MISSION

- ◆ Utilize, demonstrate, and provide access to traditional and evolving resources and research methods for a diverse audience of varied ages, gender, and ethnicities.

OUR GOALS

- ◆ Promote genealogy.
- ◆ Preserve and share records.
- ◆ Engage members.
- ◆ Educate and inform members and non-members.

LLCGS Board of Directors

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Thursday, September 10 Family Tree Maker Discussion Group (Family Tree Maker Int. Group) 10:00 am to 12:00 pm Zoom Virtual Session

LLCGS' Bob McQuistan is hosting an FTM session, which will include a short presentation followed by discussion and questions. Questions can be submitted ahead of time to programs@llcgs.info. **Register in advance for this session by clicking on the link: [FTM Session](#)** After registering, you will receive a confirmation email containing information about joining the meeting.

Upcoming Events

Friday, September 18 Tour of Omaha Central Library (Field Trip) 9:30 am to 3:00 pm 7205 Dodge St., Omaha, NE Join LLCGS for a tour of the new Omaha Central Library. The hour tour will be followed by time to research in their genealogy section. We will then enjoy lunch together before heading back home to Lincoln. Lunch place TBD. We will carpool from the LLCGS Library building at 2900 O Street meeting at 8 a.m. and leaving by 8:15 a.m. RSVP to Becky Martin at programs@llcgs.info and please let her know if you will be carpooling or not. Also, please let her know if you are able to be a driver. She will need a total count for the tour whether you carpool or not.